

LEON Linux

MKLINUXIMG User's Manual

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1. Introduction

MKLINUXIMG is a tool that creates a RAM image with a second stage boot loader for LEON SPARC systems that sets up MMU and a way for the kernel to populate the device tree and continues to boot the Linux kernel.

Loading and running a Linux kernel is different on different architectures, on SPARC the kernel communicates with the loader, the SPARC OPENPROM, to get information about the system (frequency, number of CPUs, etc.) and for early boot operations like console UART output before the APBUART driver in Linux is initialized. The OPENPROM provides the Linux kernel a device tree with nodes containing settings. The resulting device tree can be investigated via files with binary representation under `/proc/device-tree`. One can also view the OPENPROM parameters as text files in `/proc/openprom` after mounting a special file system:

```
$ mount -t openpromfs none /proc/openprom
```

The loader is also responsible for setting up the MMU and the CPUs before entering the kernel at a virtual address of 0xF0004000.

mklinuximg is a shell script which will build a OPENPROMv0 compatible PROM for a LEON Linux kernel. The ELF image created thus contains a PROM and a Linux Kernel for RAM. The RAM image can then be run directly from GRMON or as input to MKPROM2. The loader will create a device tree on the fly using AMBA Plug & Play, an optional XML file and other input parameters. Thus, MKLINUXIMG can be used both to create general kernel images that can be used by different boards/CPUs, as well as creating kernel images with highly specific device trees with board specific details.

1.1. Requirements

Some of the requirements in order to run **mklinuximg** are listed below.

- native GCC compiler
- sparc-linux toolchain in PATH, or pointed out via CROSS_COMPILE environment variable
- bash and standard UNIX commands

2. Installing

The **mklinuximg** utility can be downloaded from the Frontgrade Gaisler web site at <https://gaisler.com/anonftp/linux/linux-2.6/kernel/mklinuximg-x.y.z.tar.bz2> [<https://gaisler.com/anonftp/linux/linux-2.6/kernel/>].

Once the source is downloaded it is extracted and the path to the newly created **mklinuximg** command directory is added to the PATH variable. In the example below the utility is installed to `/opt`

```
$ cd /opt
$ tar -xf mklinuximg-2.0.14.tar.bz2
$ rm mklinuximg
$ ln -s mklinuximg-2.0.14 mklinuximg
$ export PATH=$PATH:/opt/mklinuximg
```

2.1. MKLINUXIMG under Buildroot

In our Buildroot release, MKLINUXIMG is downloaded and installed internally by Buildroot when it is configured to be used.

3. Syntax and usage

This section describes the syntax of invoking **mklinuximg**. After building the Linux kernel the resulting image is found in `arch/sparc/boot/image` under the build directory for Linux 3.4 or older and in `vmlinux` under the build directory from Linux 3.5 and later. This image is used as "linux-image" input into **mklinuximg**.

The resulting image is normally linked to start of RAM, the location of RAM can be set by the `-base` option. The PROM/loader will be located at the first 16kbytes and the Linux kernel will be at a 0x4000 offset.

The kernel command line can be set using the `-cmdline` option. After loading the RAM image produced by **mklinuximg**, the kernel command line is placed in physical memory at the address of the symbol `_bootargs_cmdline_lma`. It can there be changed by the bootloader, or e.g. by GRMON or TSIM with the **wmems** command, before execution of the image is started. After execution of the RAM image has started it will be moved and no longer possible to override.

The PROM gives the kernel the eth0 MAC address, it can be set with the `-ethmac` option.

The SMP Linux kernel needs one extra IRQ for soft-IRQ generation communication between CPUs (IPI), the default is determined by the kernel to IRQ13. However, it can be changed by adding the `"-ipi IRQ_NUM"` flag to **mklinuximg**. The `-ipi` option is only for SMP kernels.

The option `-amp` is a string used to create a device node property named `ampopts` for a specific AMBA core in the OPENPROM device tree. The property can be read by the device driver and a certain operation may be taken, for example only use 3 timers instead of all 5 available timers. The property is for AMP systems where resource allocation or other AMP related should change the device drivers operation. This is very seldom used, and only for AMP systems.

Below is the **mklinuximg** command output:

```
mklinuximg linux-image out-file [optional parameters]...
  linux-image  linux image, for Linux 3.4 and older linux-dir/arch/sparc/boot/image.
                and for Linux 3.5 and newer linux-dir/vmlinux.
  out-file     output image that can be uploaded using GRMON or run in TSIM.

optional parameters:
-base baseaddr optional baseaddress. The default is 0x40000000.
-cmdline string kernel parameter string. Default is "console=ttyS0,38400".
-freq frequency optional frequency parameter in case if it cannot be retrieved from the Timer scalar.
-amp string     optional string of format idx0=val0:idx1=val1:... that sets for core index
                n property ampopts to value n. Example 0=4:1=6 will set core index 0's ampopts to 4
                and core index 1's ampopts to 6.
-ethmac string set the ethernet mac address as 12 dgt hex. Default: 00007ccc0145
-ipi irq_num   IRQ number used by Linux SMP for IPIs. May not be shared. Allowed values: 1..14
-ioarea ioarea GRLIB AMBA Plug&Play I/O AREA Base address. Defaults to 0xfff00000
-uartidx index Select UART by index for PROM Console. Default 0 (first UART0)
-maxcpu num    Disable/Limit number of Linux CPUs 1..8 (default 8)
-mcpu name     Use -mcpu=name instead of the default -mcpu=leon3.
                Specify '-' to not pass on any -mcpu, getting the default of the toolchain.
-wakediscpus  Wake the disabled/limited CPUs
--version     Print version of mklinuximg
-xml file     Specify an xml file that adds extra properties and nodes to the device tree.
-flat        Create a flat device-tree.
-grgpio-noprobe Do not probe grgpio cores (otherwise mklinuximg probes grgpio cores for info).
-grgpio-nbits comma-separated-list
                Provide number of lines for grgpio cores (in scan order).
-grgpio-imask comma-separated-list-of-bitmasks
                Provide the imask generic (which gpio lines can generate interrupts)
                for grgpio cores (in scan order).
-grgpio-irqgen comma-separated-list
                Provide the irqgen generic for grgpio cores (in scan order).
-cflags string Add compilation flags. Can be used multiple times.
-sym filename Export debug information for mklinuximg to file.
-strip       Strip output image of symbols and debug information.
```

4. XML syntax and usage

Using the `-xml` option of `mklinuimg`, the prom tree can be changed to remove core nodes, to add and remove properties to core nodes and to add subtree nodes to core nodes.

Below is the documentation on the xml format (output from `scanxml -d`):

```
The xml file format consists of the following tags:
- <matches>
- <match-core>
- <del-core>
- <match-bus>
- <corelabel>
- <add-node>
- <add-prop>
- <del-prop>
- <int>
- <corehandle>
- <string>

<matches>
  Top level tag
Valid children:
- <match-core>
- <del-core>
- <match-bus>

<match-core>
  Matches a core. There are two variants:
  1) Matching on vendor and device (and optionally index)
     A mandatory "vendor" attribute is set to match the core's AMBA Plug&Play
     vendor number and a mandatory "device" attribute is set to match the
     core's AMBA Plug&Play device number. The values for these two can be
     written wither in two possible ways, either as numbers (C style decimal,
     octal and hexadecimal notations are supported) or as the defined
     constants in include/ambapp_ids.h. If there is more than one core in the
     system with the same vendor:device ID, an optional "index" attribute can
     be set to select which one of those counting from 0 in the AMBA Plug&Play
     scan order. If the "index" attribute is not set all cores with the given
     vendor:device ID are matched.
  2) Matching on coreindex
     A mandatory "coreindex" attribute is set to the AMBA Plug&Play index
     number of the core.
Valid as a child of:
- <matches>
Valid children:
- <corelabel>
- <add-node>
- <add-prop>
- <del-prop>

<del-core>
  Deletes a core from the prom tree. There are two variants with "vendor",
  "device" and optional "index" attributes on one hand and a "coreindex"
  attribute on the other hand, just as for the <match-core> tag.
Valid as a child of:
- <matches>
No valid children

<match-bus>
  Matches a bus. A mandatory "bus" attribute names the bus number to match
Valid as a child of:
- <matches>
Valid children:
- <add-node>

<corelabel>
  A mandatory "name" attribute sets a label for the parent core that is used
  by <corehandle> tags added elsewhere to be able to reference that parent
  core. Only one corelabel can be set per match and the label name needs to be
  unique among all corelabels.
Valid as a child of:
- <match-core>
No valid children

<add-node>
  Adds a child node to the prom tree node of the matched core, or parent node
  when nested withing an <add-node>. The value of the mandatory "name"
  attribute names the node. Furthermore, this adds, under this node, a string
  property with the name "name" with that same value.
Valid as a child of:
```

- <match-core>
- <match-bus>
- <add-node>

Valid children:

- <add-node>
- <add-prop>

<add-prop>
Adds a property. A mandatory "name" attribute names the property. A property can be of three different kinds: empty, integer or string. A property becomes empty if it has no child tags. Child tags of type <int> and <corehandle> makes the property integer type, whereas child tags of type <string> makes it string type. Setting more than one child tag makes the property an array of values, but it can only have integer type or string type values, not both.

If the name attribute matches an existing property of the core, the new value will replace the old value. This can even change the property from one type to another.

Valid as a child of:

- <match-core>
- <add-node>

Valid children:

- <int>
- <corehandle>
- <string>

<del-prop>
Deletes a property. A mandatory "name" attribute names the property that is to be deleted.

Valid as a child of:

- <match-core>

No valid children

<int>
An integer value of an added property. The character data between the starting <int> and the ending </int> needs to be a valid integer (C style decimal, octal and hexadecimal notations are supported).

Valid as a child of:

- <add-prop>

No valid children

<corehandle>
An integer value of an added property that contains the address of the prom tree node of the referenced core. To reference a core that is labeled using the <corelabel> tag, the "ref" attribute should have the value of that label. If the "ref" attribute is omitted, the corehandle will reference the core that the property is a descendant of.

Valid as a child of:

- <add-prop>

No valid children

<string>
A string value of an added property. The character data between the starting <string> and the ending </string> is taken as the string value.

Valid as a child of:

- <add-prop>

No valid children

Below is an example file showing how to use the xml format:

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<matches>
  <!--
    Match core by vendor:device:index
    Strings for vendors and devices can be found in include/ambapp_ids.h or written numerically
  -->
  <match-core vendor="VENDOR_GAISLER" device="GAISLER_APBUART" index="0">
    <!-- Add single integer property value -->
    <add-prop name="intprop">
      <int>1024</int>
    </add-prop>

    <!-- Add single string property value -->
    <add-prop name="strprop">
      <string>Test string</string>
    </add-prop>

    <!-- Add array of integers -->
    <add-prop name="intarray">
      <int>17</int> <!-- Decimal notation supported -->
      <int>0xabcdef</int> <!-- Hexadecimal notation supported -->
    </add-prop>
  </match-core>
</matches>
```

```

    <int>015</int> <!-- Octal notation supported -->
    <!-- Corehandle to itself, i.e. address of prom node of the matched core -->
    <corehandle/>
    <!-- Corehandle to core with corelabel named "numero-quattro" -->
    <corehandle ref="numero-quattro"/>
  </add-prop>

  <!-- Add array of strings -->
  <add-prop name="stringarray">
    <string>String arrays</string>
    <string>are sometimes useful</string>
    <string>for multiple</string>
    <string>compatible strings</string>
  </add-prop>

  <!-- Add empty property -->
  <add-prop name="emptyprop"/>

  <!-- Add nodes with properties and subnodes -->
  <add-node name="newnode">
    <add-prop name="newnode-p1">
      <int>1</int>
    </add-prop>
    <add-prop name="newnode-p2">
      <int>2</int>
    </add-prop>
    <add-node name="subnode1"> <!-- Child of newnode -->
      <add-prop name="sub1-p1">
        <int>3</int>
      </add-prop>
      <add-prop name="sub1-p2">
        <int>4</int>
      </add-prop>
      <add-node name="subsubnode"> <!-- Child of subnode1 -->
        <add-prop name="subsub-p1"/>
      </add-node>
    </add-node>
    <add-node name="subnode2"> <!-- Another child of newnode -->
      <add-prop name="sub2-p1">
        <string>Lorem ipsum</string>
      </add-prop>
    </add-node>
  </add-node>
  <add-node name="anothernode">
  </add-node>

</match-core>

<!--
  Match core by absolute core index
-->
<match-core coreindex="4" >
  <add-prop name="core-four"/>

  <!-- Label that a corehandle references to introduce an integer value of the
  address of the prom node of this core. -->
  <corelabel name="numero-quattro"/>

  <!-- Replaces the existing "version" property with a different one
  (even of a different type in this case). -->
  different type even -->
  <add-prop name="version">
    <string>
      Version is now a string!
    </string>
  </add-prop>

  <!-- Delete the description property -->
  <del-prop name="description"/>

  <add-prop name="descriptionisgone"/>
</match-core>

<!--
  Match core by vendor:device but matching all indices by not stating any
  index. This also serves as an example of using numeric values to match
  vendor and device (in this case VENDOR_GAISLER and GAISLER_APBUART).
-->
<match-core vendor="1" device="0xc">
  <add-prop name="apbuarts">
    <string>That's us</string>
  </add-prop>
</match-core>

```



```
<!--  
    Remove the prom tree node of the first GASLER_GPIO core (if present).  
    This is a match type of its own.  
-->  
<del-core vendor="VENDOR_GAISLER" device="GAISLER_GPIO" index="0"/>  
  
<!--  
    Add a node appearing under AMBA bus 0  
-->  
<match-bus bus="0">  
    <add-node name="extrabusnode">  
        <add-prop name="acorehandle">  
<!-- Corehandles works from here as well -->  
<corehandle ref="numero-quattro"/>  
        </add-prop>  
    </add-node>  
</match-bus>  
</matches>
```

5. Support

For support contact the support team at support@gaisler.com.

When contacting support, please identify yourself in full, including company affiliation and site name and address. Please identify exactly what product that is used, specifying if it is an IP core (with full name of the library distribution archive file), component, software version, compiler version, operating system version, debug tool version, simulator tool version, board version, etc.

The support service is only for paying customers with a support contract.

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